

Safety Data Sheet according to (EC) No 1907/2006 as amended

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LOCTITE 4902 BO20G EN/ES

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

LOCTITE 4902 BO20G EN/ES

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Intended use: Adhesive

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Henkel Ltd Adhesives Wood Lane End HP2 4RQ Hemel Hempstead

Great Britain

| Phone: | +44 (1442) 278000 |
|----------|-------------------|
| Fax-no.: | +44 (1442) 278071 |

ua-productsafety.uk@henkel.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 Hours Emergency Tel: +44 (0)1442 278497

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (CLP):

| Skin irritation | Category 2 |
|--|------------|
| H315 Causes skin irritation. | |
| Serious eye irritation | Category 2 |
| H319 Causes serious eye irritation. | |
| Skin sensitizer | Category 1 |
| H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. | |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | Category 3 |
| H335 May cause respiratory irritation. | |
| Target organ: respiratory tract irritation | |

2.2. Label elements

Label elements (CLP):

| Hazard pictogram: | |
|--|--|
| Contains | Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate |
| | Triethyl O-acetylcitrate |
| Signal word: | Warning |
| Hazard statement: | H315 Causes skin irritation.H319 Causes serious eye irritation.H335 May cause respiratory irritation.H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Supplemental information | Cyanoacrylate. Danger. Bonds skin and eyes in seconds. Keep out of the reach of children. |
| Precautionary statement: Prevention | P261 Avoid breathing vapors. P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection. |
| Precautionary statement: Response | P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. |
| Precautionary statement: Disposal | P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulation. |

2.3. Other hazardsNone if used properly.Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

General chemical description: Cyanoacrylate Adhesive

| Hazardous components CAS-No. | EC Number REACH-Reg No. | content | Classification |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate | 230-391-5 | 50- 100 % | Eye Irrit. 2 |
| 7085-85-0 | 01-2119527766-29 | | H319 |
| | | | STOT SE 3 |
| | | | H335 |
| | | | Skin Irrit. 2 |
| | | | H315 |
| Triethyl O-acetylcitrate | 201-066-5 | 10- 20 % | Skin Sens. 1 |
| 77-89-4 | | | H317 |
| tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol | 246-563-8 | 0,1 - < 1% | Skin Irrit. 2; Dermal |
| 25013-16-5 | | | H315 |
| | | | Eye Irrit. 2 |
| | | | H319 |
| | | | Carc. 2 |
| | | | H351 |
| | | | Aquatic Chronic 2 |
| | | | H411 |
| | | | Acute Tox. 4; Oral |
| | | | H302 |
| | | | Repr. 2 |
| | | | H361 |
| Hydroquinone | 204-617-8 | 0,01 - < 0,1 % | Aquatic Acute 1 |
| 123-31-9 | 01-2119524016-51 | | H400 |
| | | | Aquatic Chronic 1 |
| | | | H410 |
| | | | Carc. 2 |
| | | | H351 |
| | | | Muta. 2 |
| | | | H341 |
| | | | Acute Tox. 4; Oral |
| | | | H302 |
| | | | Eye Dam. 1 |
| | | | H318 |
| | | | Skin Sens. 1 |
| | | | H317 |
| | | | M factor (Acute Aquat Tox): 10 |

Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information". Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Move to fresh air, consult doctor if complaint persists.

Skin contact:

Do not pull bonded skin apart. It may be gently peeled apart using a blunt object such as a spoon, preferably after soaking in warm soapy water.

Cyanoacrylates give off heat on solidification. In rare cases a large drop will generate enough heat to cause a burn.

Burns should be treated normally after the adhesive has been removed from the skin.

If lips are accidentally stuck together apply warm water to the lips and encourage maximum wetting and pressure from saliva inside the mouth.

Peel or roll lips apart. Do not try to pull the lips apart with direct opposing action.

Eye contact:

If the eye is bonded closed, release eyelashes with warm water by covering with wet pad.

Cyanoacrylate will bond to eye protein and will cause periods of weeping which will help to debond the adhesive.

Keep eye covered until debonding is complete, usually within 1-3 days.

Do not force eye open. Medical advice should be sought in case solid particles of cyanoacrylate trapped behind the eyelid cause any abrasive damage.

Ingestion:

Ensure that breathing passages are not obstructed. The product will polymerise immediately in the mouth making it almost impossible to swallow. Saliva will slowly separate the solidified product from the mouth (several hours).

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed EYE: Irritation, conjunctivitis.

SKIN: Redness, inflammation.

RESPIRATORY: Irritation, coughing, shortness of breath, chest tightness.

SKIN: Rash, Urticaria.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed See section: Description of first aid measures

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Foam, extinguishing powder, carbon dioxide. Fine water spray

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons: None known

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, irritating organic vapors.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Additional information:

In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Do not use cloths for mopping up. Flood with water to complete polymerization and scrape off the floor. Cured material can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See advice in section 8

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ventilation (low level) is recommended when using large volumes Use of dispensing equipment is recommended to minimise the risk of skin or eye contact Avoid skin and eye contact. See advice in section 8

Hygiene measures:

Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work. Do not eat, drink or smoke while working. Good industrial hygiene practices should be observed. **7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** Do not expose to direct sunlight. Refer to Technical Data Sheet

7.3. Specific end use(s) Adhesive

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Valid for

Great Britain

| Ingredient [Regulated substance] | ррт | mg/m ³ | Value type | Short term exposure limit category / Remarks | Regulatory list |
|---|-----|-------------------|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0 [ETHYL CYANOACRYLATE] | 0,3 | 1,5 | Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL): | 15 minutes | EH40 WEL |
| Hydroquinone 123-31-9 [HYDROQUINONE] | | 0,5 | Time Weighted Average (TWA): | | EH40 WEL |

Occupational Exposure Limits

Valid for

Ireland

| Ingredient [Regulated substance] | ррт | mg/m ³ | Value type | Short term exposure limit category / Remarks | Regulatory list |
|---|-----|-------------------|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------|
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0 [ETHYL 2-CYANOACRYLATE; ETHYL CYANOACRYLATE] | 1 | | Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL): | 15 minutes | IR_OEL |
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0 [ETHYL 2-CYANOACRYLATE; ETHYL CYANOACRYLATE] | 0,2 | | Time Weighted Average (TWA): | | IR_OEL |
| Hydroquinone 123-31-9 [HYDROQUINONE] | | 0,5 | Time Weighted Average (TWA): | | IR_OEL |

Predicted No-Effect Concentration (PNEC):

| Name on list | Environmental | Exposure | Value | | | | Remarks |
|--------------|-----------------|----------|-----------|-----|---------|--------|---------|
| | Compartment | period | | | | | |
| | | | mg/l | ppm | mg/kg | others | |
| Hydroquinone | aqua | | 0,00057 | | | | |
| 123-31-9 | (freshwater) | | mg/l | | | | |
| Hydroquinone | aqua (marine | | 0,000057 | | | | |
| 123-31-9 | water) | | mg/l | | | | |
| Hydroquinone | sediment | | | | 0,0049 | | |
| 123-31-9 | (freshwater) | | | | mg/kg | | |
| Hydroquinone | sediment | | | | 0,00049 | | |
| 123-31-9 | (marine water) | | | | mg/kg | | |
| Hydroquinone | aqua | | 0,00134 | | | | |
| 123-31-9 | (intermittent | | mg/l | | | | |
| | releases) | | - | | | | |
| Hydroquinone | Soil | | | | 0,00064 | | |
| 123-31-9 | | | | | mg/kg | | |
| Hydroquinone | sewage | | 0,71 mg/l | | | | |
| 123-31-9 | treatment plant | | Ũ | | | | |
| | (STP) | | | | | | |

| Name on list | Application Area | Route of Exposure | Health Effect | Exposure Time | Value | Remarks |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---|-------------------------------|------------|---------|
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0 | Workers | Inhalation | Long term exposure - local effects | exposure - local | | |
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0 | Workers | Inhalation | Long term exposure - systemic effects | exposure - | | |
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0 | General population | Inhalation | Long term exposure - local effects | Long term exposure - local | | |
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0 | General population | Inhalation | Long term exposure - systemic effects | | 9,25 mg/m3 | |
| Hydroquinone 123-31-9 | Workers | dermal | Long term exposure - systemic effects | | 3,33 mg/kg | |
| Hydroquinone 123-31-9 | Workers | inhalation | Long term exposure - systemic effects | | 2,1 mg/m3 | |
| Hydroquinone 123-31-9 | General population | dermal | Long term exposure - systemic effects | | 1,66 mg/kg | |
| Hydroquinone 123-31-9 | General population | inhalation | Long term exposure - systemic effects | | 1,05 mg/m3 | |
| Hydroquinone 123-31-9 | General population | oral | Long term exposure - systemic effects | | 0,6 mg/kg | |

Derived No-Effect Level (DNEL):

Biological Exposure Indices:

None

8.2. Exposure controls:

Engineering controls: Ensure good ventilation/extraction.

Respiratory protection:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

An approved mask or respirator fitted with an organic vapour cartridge should be worn if the product is used in a poorly ventilated area Filter type: A (EN 14387)

Hand protection:

Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374).

Suitable materials for short-term contact or splashes (recommended: at least protection index 2, corresponding to > 30 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

Suitable materials for longer, direct contact (recommended: protection index 6, corresponding to > 480 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; ≥ 0.4 mm thickness)

This information is based on literature references and on information provided by glove manufacturers, or is derived by analogy with similar substances. Please note that in practice the working life of chemical-resistant protective gloves may be considerably shorter than the permeation time determined in accordance with EN 374 as a result of the many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

Polyethylene or polypropylene gloves are recommended when using large volumes.

Do not use PVC, rubber or nylon gloves.

Please note that in practice the working life of chemical resistant gloves may be considerably reduced as a result of many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). Suitable risk assessment should be carried out by the end user. If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

Eye protection:

Safety glasses with sideshields or chemical safety goggles should be worn if there is a risk of splashing. Protective eye equipment should conform to EN166.

Skin protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing. Protective clothing should conform to EN 14605 for liquid splashes or to EN 13982 for dusts.

Advices to personal protection equipment:

The information provided on personal protective equipment is for guidance purposes only. A full risk assessment should be conducted prior to using this product to determine the appropriate personal protective equipment to suit local conditions. Personal protective equipment should conform to the relevant EN standard.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | liquid |
|--|------------------------------------|
| rippedialee | liquid |
| | colourless |
| Odor | irritating |
| Odour threshold | No data available / Not applicable |
| Subul micshold | No data available / Not applicable |
| | |
| рН | Not available. |
| Melting point | No data available / Not applicable |
| Solidification temperature | No data available / Not applicable |
| Initial boiling point | > 149 °C (> 300.2 °F) |
| Flash point | 80 - 93 °C (176 - 199.4 °F) |
| Evaporation rate | No data available / Not applicable |
| Flammability | No data available / Not applicable |
| Explosive limits | No data available / Not applicable |
| Vapour pressure | No data available / Not applicable |
| Relative vapour density: | No data available / Not applicable |
| Density | No data available / Not applicable |
| Bulk density | No data available / Not applicable |
| Solubility | No data available / Not applicable |
| Solubility (qualitative) | Polymerises in presence of water. |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | No data available / Not applicable |
| Auto-ignition temperature | No data available / Not applicable |
| Decomposition temperature | No data available / Not applicable |
| Viscosity | No data available / Not applicable |
| Viscosity (kinematic) | No data available / Not applicable |
| Explosive properties | No data available / Not applicable |
| Oxidising properties | No data available / Not applicable |
| | |

9.2. Other information

No data available / Not applicable

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Rapid exothermic polymerization will occur in the presence of water, amines, alkalis and alcohols.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section reactivity

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions of storage and use.

10.5. Incompatible materials

See section reactivity.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None if used for intended purpose.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General toxicological information:

Cyanoacrylates are considered to have relatively low toxicity. Acute oral LD50 is >5000mg/kg (rat). It is almost impossible to swallow as it rapidly polymerises in the mouth.

Prolonged exposure to high concentrations of vapours may lead to chronic effects in sensitive individuals In dry atmosphere with < 50% humidity, vapours may irritate the eyes and respiratory system

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

| Hazardous substances CAS-No. | Value type | Value | Species | Method |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------|--|
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0 | LD50 | > 5.000 mg/kg | rat | OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) |
| Triethyl O-acetylcitrate 77-89-4 | LD50 | > 7.000 mg/kg | rat | not specified |
| tert-Butyl-4- methoxyphenol 25013-16-5 | LD50 | 2.000 mg/kg | rat | not specified |
| Hydroquinone 123-31-9 | LD50 | 367 mg/kg | rat | OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) |

Acute dermal toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

| Hazardous substances CAS-No. | Value type | Value | Species | Method |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------|--|
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0 | LD50 | > 2.000 mg/kg | rabbit | OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) |
| tert-Butyl-4- methoxyphenol 25013-16-5 | LD50 | > 2.000 mg/kg | rat | OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) |
| Hydroquinone 123-31-9 | LD50 | > 2.000 mg/kg | rabbit | OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) |

Acute inhalative toxicity:

No data available.

Skin corrosion/irritation:

Bonds skin in seconds. Considered to be of low toxicity: acute dermal LD50 (rabbit)>2000mg/kg Due to polymerisation at the skin surface allergic reaction is unlikely to occur

| Hazardous substances CAS-No. | Result | Exposure time | Species | Method |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|---------|--|
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0 | slightly irritating | 24 h | rabbit | OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion) |
| Hydroquinone 123-31-9 | not irritating | 24 h | rabbit | Weight of evidence |

Serious eye damage/irritation:

Liquid product will bond eyelids. In a dry atmosphere (RH<50%) vapours may cause irritation and lachrymatory effect

| Hazardous substances CAS-No. | Result | Exposure time | Species | Method |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------------|---------|---|
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0 | irritating | 72 h | rabbit | OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion) |

Respiratory or skin sensitization:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

| Hazardous substances CAS-No. | Result | Test type | Species | Method |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|------------|--|
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0 | not sensitising | | guinea pig | not specified |
| Hydroquinone 123-31-9 | sensitising | Guinea pig maximisation test | guinea pig | equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation) |
| Hydroquinone 123-31-9 | sensitising | Mouse local lymphnode assay (LLNA) | mouse | equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 429 (Skin Sensitisation: Local Lymph Node Assay) |

Germ cell mutagenicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

| Hazardous substances CAS-No. | Result | Type of study / Route of administration | Metabolic activation / Exposure time | Species | Method |
|--|----------|--|--|---------|--|
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0 | negative | bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test) | | | OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay) |
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0 | negative | mammalian cell gene mutation assay | with and without | | OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test) |
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0 | negative | in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test | with and without | | OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test) |
| tert-Butyl-4- methoxyphenol 25013-16-5 | negative | bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test) | with and without | | not specified |
| tert-Butyl-4- methoxyphenol 25013-16-5 | negative | bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test) | with and without | | not specified |
| Hydroquinone 123-31-9 | negative | bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test) | with and without | | equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay) |
| Hydroquinone 123-31-9 | negative | in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test | with and without | | OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test) |
| Hydroquinone 123-31-9 | positive | mammalian cell gene mutation assay | with and without | | OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test) |
| Hydroquinone 123-31-9 | positive | intraperitoneal | | mouse | equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test) |
| Hydroquinone 123-31-9 | negative | oral: gavage | | rat | equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 478 (Genetic Toxicology: Rodent Dominant Lethal Test) |
| Hydroquinone 123-31-9 | positive | intraperitoneal | | mouse | equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 483 (Mammalian Spermatogonial Chromosome Aberration Test) |

Carcinogenicity

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

| Hazardous components CAS-No. | Result | Route of application | Exposure time / Frequency of treatment | Species | Sex | Method |
|---------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|---|---------|-------------|---|
| Hydroquinone 123-31-9 | carcinogenic | oral: gavage | 103 w 5 d/w | rat | male/female | equivalent or similar OECD Guideline 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity / Carcinogenicity Studies) |
| Hydroquinone 123-31-9 | carcinogenic | oral: gavage | 103 w 5 d/w | mouse | female | equivalent or similar OECD Guideline 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity / Carcinogenicity Studies) |

Reproductive toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

| Hazardous substances | Result / Value | Test type | Route of | Species | Method |
|----------------------|--------------------|------------|--------------|---------|-----------------------------|
| CAS-No. | | | application | | |
| Hydroquinone | NOAEL P 15 mg/kg | Two | oral: gavage | rat | EPA OTS 798.4700 |
| 123-31-9 | | generation | | | (Reproduction and Fertility |
| | NOAEL F1 150 mg/kg | study | | | Effects) |
| | | | | | |
| | NOAEL F2 150 mg/kg | | | | |
| | | | | | |

STOT-single exposure:

No data available.

STOT-repeated exposure::

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

| Hazardous substances | Result / Value | Route of | Exposure time / | Species | Method |
|----------------------|------------------|--------------|-----------------|---------|--------------------------|
| CAS-No. | | application | Frequency of | | |
| | | | treatment | | |
| Hydroquinone | NOAEL 50 mg/kg | oral: gavage | 13 w | rat | not specified |
| 123-31-9 | | | 5 d/w | | |
| Hydroquinone | NOAEL 73,9 mg/kg | dermal | 13 w | rat | equivalent or similar to |
| 123-31-9 | | | 6 h/d, 5 d/w | | OECD Guideline 411 |
| | | | | | (Subchronic Dermal |
| | | | | | Toxicity: 90-Day Study) |

Aspiration hazard:

No data available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

General ecological information:

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water. Biological and Chemical Oxygen Demands (BOD and COD) are insignificant.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity (Fish):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

| Hazardous substances | Value | Value | Exposure time | Species | Method |
|--|-------|------------|---------------|---------------------|---|
| CAS-No. | type | | | | |
| tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol 25013-16-5 | LC50 | 1,56 mg/l | 96 h | | OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test) |
| Hydroquinone 123-31-9 | LC50 | 0,638 mg/l | 96 h | Oncorhynchus mykiss | OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test) |

Toxicity (Daphnia):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

| Hazardous substances | Value | Value | Exposure time | Species | Method |
|--|-------|------------|---------------|----------------------|--|
| CAS-No. | type | | | | |
| Triethyl O-acetylcitrate 77-89-4 | EC50 | > 100 mg/l | 48 h | Daphnia magna | OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test) |
| tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol 25013-16-5 | EC50 | 3,4 mg/l | 96 h | Dreissena polymorpha | other guideline: |
| Hydroquinone 123-31-9 | EC50 | 0,134 mg/l | 48 h | Daphnia magna | OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test) |

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

| Hazardous substances | Value | Value | Exposure time | Species | Method |
|----------------------|-------|-------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| CAS-No. | type | | | | |
| Hydroquinone | NOEC | 0,0057 mg/l | 21 d | Daphnia magna | OECD 211 (Daphnia |
| 123-31-9 | | | | | magna, Reproduction Test) |

Toxicity (Algae):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

| Hazardous substances | Value | Value | Exposure time | Species | Method |
|----------------------------|-------|------------|---------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| CAS-No. | type | | | | |
| tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol | EC50 | 9,05 mg/l | 72 h | Chlorella vulgaris | OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, |
| 25013-16-5 | | | | | Growth Inhibition Test) |
| Hydroquinone | EC50 | 0,335 mg/l | 72 h | Selenastrum capricornutum | OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, |
| 123-31-9 | | | | (new name: Pseudokirchneriella | Growth Inhibition Test) |
| | | | | subcapitata) | |

Toxicity to microorganisms

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

| Hazardous substances CAS-No. | Value type | Value | Exposure time | Species | Method |
|---------------------------------|---------------|------------|---------------|---------|---------------|
| | | 0,038 mg/l | 30 min | | not specified |
| 123-31-9 | | C C | | | - |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

The product is not biodegradable.

| Hazardous substances CAS-No. | Result | Test type | Degradability | Exposure time | Method |
|--|----------------------------|-----------|---------------|------------------|--|
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0 | not readily biodegradable. | aerobic | 57 % | 28 d | OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready Biodegradability: Closed Bottle Test) |
| tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol 25013-16-5 | not readily biodegradable. | aerobic | 34,41 % | 28 d | OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready Biodegradability: Closed Bottle Test) |
| Hydroquinone 123-31-9 | readily biodegradable | aerobic | 75 - 81 % | 30 d | EU Method C.4-E (Determination of the "Ready" BiodegradabilityClosed Bottle Test) |

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

| Hazardous substances CAS-No. | Bioconcentratio n factor (BCF) | Exposure time | Temperature | Species | Method |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|------------------|
| tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol 25013-16-5 | > 16 - 21 | 42 d | | Cyprinus carpio | other guideline: |

12.4. Mobility in soil

Cured adhesives are immobile.

| Hazardous substances | LogPow | Temperature | Method |
|--|--------|-------------|---------------------------------------|
| CAS-No. | | | |
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0 | 0,776 | 22 °C | EU Method A.8 (Partition Coefficient) |
| Triethyl O-acetylcitrate 77-89-4 | 1,34 | | not specified |
| tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol 25013-16-5 | 2,8 | 27 °C | EU Method A.8 (Partition Coefficient) |
| Hydroquinone 123-31-9 | 0,59 | | EU Method A.8 (Partition Coefficient) |

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

| Hazardous substances CAS-No. | PBT / vPvB |
|--|---|
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0 | Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria. |
| Triethyl O-acetylcitrate 77-89-4 | Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria. |
| tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol 25013-16-5 | Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria. |
| Hydroquinone 123-31-9 | Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria. |

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product disposal:

Cured adhesive: Dispose of as water insoluble non-toxic solid chemical in authorised landfill or incinerate under controlled conditions.

Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.

Contribution of this product to waste is very insignificant in comparison to article in which it is used

Disposal of uncleaned packages:

After use, tubes, cartons and bottles containing residual product should be disposed of as chemically contaminated waste in an authorised legal land fill site or incinerated.

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Waste code

08 04 09* waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents and other dangerous substances

The valid EWC waste code numbers are source-related. The manufacturer is therefore unable to specify EWC waste codes for the articles or products used in the various sectors. The EWC codes listed are intended as a recommendation for users. We will be happy to advise you.

SECTION 14: Transport information

| 14.1. | UN number | | | | |
|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | ADR | Not dangerous goods | | | |
| | RID | Not dangerous goods | | | |
| | ADN | Not dangerous goods | | | |
| | IMDG | Not dangerous goods | | | |
| | IATA | 3334 | | | |
| 14.2. | UN proper shipping name | | | | |
| | ADR | Not dangerous goods | | | |
| | RID | Not dangerous goods | | | |
| | ADN | Not dangerous goods | | | |
| | IMDG | Not dangerous goods | | | |
| | IATA | Aviation regulated liquid, n.o.s. (Cyanoacrylate ester) | | | |
| 14.3. | Transport haz | Transport hazard class(es) | | | |
| | ADR | Not dangerous goods | | | |
| | RID | Not dangerous goods | | | |
| | ADN | Not dangerous goods | | | |
| | IMDG | Not dangerous goods | | | |
| | IATA | 9 | | | |
| 14.4. | Packing group | | | | |
| | ADR | Not dangerous goods | | | |
| | RID | Not dangerous goods | | | |
| | ADN | Not dangerous goods | | | |
| | IMDG | Not dangerous goods | | | |
| | IATA | III | | | |
| 14.5. | Environmental hazards | | | | |
| | ADR | not applicable | | | |
| | RID | not applicable | | | |
| | ADN | not applicable | | | |
| | IMDG | not applicable | | | |
| | IATA | not applicable | | | |
| 14.6. | Special precautions for user | | | | |
| | ADR | not applicable | | | |
| | RID | not applicable | | | |
| | ADN | not applicable | | | |
| | IMDG | not applicable | | | |
| | IATA | Primary packs containing less than 500ml are unregulated by this mode of transport and may be shipped unrestricted. | | | |
| 14.7. | Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code | | | | |

not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Ozone Depleting Substance (ODS) (Regulation 1005/2009/EC): Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (Regulation 649/2012/EC): Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs) (Regulation 2019/1021/EC) : Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable

EU. REACH, Annex XVII, Marketing and Use Restrictions (Regulation 1907/2006/EC): Not applicable

VOC content (2010/75/EC) < 3 %

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text

of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Further information:

This Safety Data Sheet has been produced for sales from Henkel to parties purchasing from Henkel, is based on Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 and provides information in accordance with applicable regulations of the European Union only. In that respect, no statement, warranty or representation of any kind is given as to compliance with any statutory laws or regulations of any other jurisdiction or territory other than the European Union. When exporting to territories other than the European Union, please consult with the respective Safety Data Sheet of the concerned territory to ensure compliance or liaise with Henkel's Product Safety and Regulatory Affairs Department (ua-productsafety.de@henkel.com) prior to export to other territories than the European Union.

This information is based on our current level of knowledge and relates to the product in the state in which it is delivered. It is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements and is not intended to guarantee any particular properties.

Dear Customer,

Henkel is committed to creating a sustainable future by promoting opportunities along the entire value chain. If you would like to contribute by switching from a paper to the electronic version of SDS, please contact the local Customer Service representative. We recommend to use a non-personal email address (e.g. SDS@your_company.com).

Relevant changes in this safety data sheet are indicated by vertical lines at the left margin in the body of this document. Corresponding text is displayed in a different color on shadowed fields.

Annex - Exposure Scenarios:

Exposure Scenarios for ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate can be downloaded under the following link: http://mymsds.henkel.com/mymsds/.470833..en.ANNEX_DE.15743123.0.DE.pdf Alternatively they can be accessed on the internet site www.mymsds.henkel.com by entering number 470833.